1	Attachment No.7
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3	<u>RW SIGNS NO. 6</u>
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6	National Committee
	National Committee on
	Uniform Traffic Control Devices
	17200 West Bell Road No.1135 * Surprise, Ariz. 85374
7	Telephone (623) 214-2403 * e-mail: ncutcd@aol.com
7 8 9	
	Agenda item III.6, Jan 2013
10	N. d. a. I. C. a. a. M. a. a. T. a. e
11 12	National Committee on Uniform Traffic Control Devices RWSTC RECOMMENDATION FOLLOWING SPONSOR COMMENTS
13	RWSIC RECOMMENDATION FOLLOWING SPONSOR COMMENTS
14	TECHNICAL COMMITTEE: NCUTCD Regulatory & Warning Signs Technical
15	Committee
16	Committee
17	DATE OF ACTION (Task force): June 8, 2012, revised 12-21-12 following sponsor
18	comments
19	
20	TASK FORCE: School Issues Task Force: Mark Bott (chair), Ron Lipps, Greg Bothwell,
21	Gerry Willhelm, Dan Magri, Michael Moule, David Woosley, Tom Heydel
22	
23	RWSTC APPROVAL DATE: 1-9-13
24	TRANSMITTAL TO SPONSORS DATE: Fall 2012
25	RWSTC APPROVAL DATE FOLLOWING SPONSOR COMMENTS: 1-10-13
26	COUNCIL APPROVAL DATE: 1-11-13
27	TODIC N. C. I. I. A.A
28	TOPIC: New Standard statement prohibiting use of the School Crossing assembly on an
29 30	approach controlled by a YIELD sign
31	AFFECTED PORTIONS OF MUTCD: Section 7B.12, ¶03, School Crossing
32	ATTECTED TORTIONS OF MOTED. Section 75.12, 105, School Crossing
33	DISCUSSION/QUESTION:
34	Recent prior versions of the MUTCD (Section 7B.09) and the 2008 NPA (Section 7B.11)
35	provided that the School Crossing assembly "shall not be installed on approaches controlled by a
36	STOP sign." They did not, however, prohibit the assembly's use on approaches controlled by
37	YIELD signs. That changed with the 2009 MUTCD. It prohibits using the assembly on
38	approaches controlled by YIELD signs as well as those controlled by STOP signs. Paragraph 03
39	of Section 7B.12 School Crossing Assembly reads:
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41	The School Crossing assembly shall not be installed on approaches controlled by a
42	STOP or YIELD sign.
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FHWA's stated rationale for this sudden revision to the Standard is based on comments from a single local jurisdiction and FHWA's belief that the previous language conflicted with Section 2B.04. That rationale was included in the December 16, 2009 Federal Register, which published the Final Rule adopting the 2009 Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). No research related to this issue was cited. The Federal register reads:

50 527.

A local DOT recommended that the School Crossing assembly be prohibited on approaches controlled by a YIELD sign in addition to those controlled by a STOP sign. The FHWA agrees that this is necessary to provide consistency with the final rule for STOP and YIELD sign applications in Section 2B.04 Right-of-Way at Intersections. Accordingly, the FHWA adopts in this final rule a modified paragraph 03 to prohibit the School Crossing assembly on approaches controlled by a STOP or YIELD sign.

Neither the National Committee (NC) nor the public had an opportunity to review or comment on this change to the Standard.

The conflict between the original provision of Section 7B.12 03 and Section 2B.04 that FHWA cites is unclear. Section 2B.04 addresses the assignment of the right-of-way at an intersection. Paragraph 03 of Section 7B.12 addresses how the location of a crossing can be conveyed to road users. No conflict is apparent.

There is no prohibition on the use of the Pedestrian (Crossing) (W11-2) sign with a diagonal downward pointing arrow plaque at crossings other than School Crossings (See Section 2C.50 04.

Assuming that the School Crossing assembly provides beneficial guidance to road users on approaches where vehicles are not required to stop, prohibiting their use where YIELD signs are placed could have a negative effect on the safety of school children.

The extent to which the new Standard will require removal of School Crossing assemblies currently in place on YIELD controlled approaches also is unclear. If they can remain until the end of their useful lives, there should be no added signing burden. If FHWA mandates their removal sooner, states and local jurisdictions will face additional costs.

In the apparent absence of any research and the rationale given by FHWA for the change to the Standard, the change is not justified and could adversely affect the safety of school children. In response, the RWSTC approved deleting the YIELD sign from the standard on June 22, 2011. In the fall 2011, the recommendation of deleting the YIELD sign from the standard was sent to sponsors for comments. Below is a summary of the comments.

IBTTA, 2 of 37 AASHTO member states, 1 of 6 ASCE responders, and 4 of 17 ITE responders indicated that they do not concur with the proposal. In addition, 1 ITE responder concurred in part and 1 AASHTO state and 1 of 6 LAB responders concurred, but offered comment. The remaining responses supported the proposal.

The frequently cited reasons for non-concurrence was that the School Crossing assembly detracted from the conspicuity of the YIELD sign, that the control provided by the YIELD sign was a more prominent control that should not be diminished by the lesser control provided by the assembly, or that the appropriate location for the assembly is the same as that for the YIELD sign and both could not coexist. The California prohibition/practice of prohibiting the assembly on approaches controlled by STOP or YIELD signs or traffic signals was cited as a reason for opposing the proposal. In spite of the lack of research to support the addition of the prohibition against using the School Crossing assembly on approaches controlled by YIELD signs in the 2009 MUTCD, some responders cited a lack of research supporting its elimination as a reason for opposing the proposal.

In addressing the inconsistency between the prohibition of the School Crossing assembly in 7B.12 and the lack of a similar provision for the Pedestrian Crossing sign in 2C.50, some of the respondents suggested adding a prohibition against using the Pedestrian Crossing sign on YIELD controlled approaches to 2C.50. Some suggested adding a prohibition against using the School Crossing assembly and/or the Pedestrian Crossing sign on approaches controlled by traffic signals. Finally, there were suggestions that these standard provisions or at least the YIELD sign provision be revised to be guidance.

All of the sponsor comments and suggestions were considered by the School Issues Task Force as were the previous unanimous RWSTC favorable vote on the proposal and the 63 sponsor ballots in concurrence with the proposal. On January 18, 2012 the task force recommended that the RW No 3 proposal remain unchanged.

The approved RWSTC language of deleting the YIELD sign from the standard was disapproved by the council on January 19, 2012. The reasons for council disapproval: no consensus on the issue of signalized intersections and STOP control locations and roundabout control. The vote was:

118 COUNCIL VOTE:

119 For: 14
120 Opposed: 19
121 Abstentions: 2

The addition of traffic signals to the standard was not sent to the sponsors in the fall 2011 for comments although two sponsors did recommend adding traffic signals in their responses. The task force still contends that at a STOP sign, the driver is always required to STOP, giving the driver an excellent opportunity to observe pedestrians, including school children. On an approach controlled by a YIELD sign, many drivers concentrate on potential conflicts with approaching vehicles, but, unless they stop for the vehicle traffic, they fail to respond to pedestrians. Granted they are required to yield to or stop for to pedestrians under various circumstances, but many drivers fail to notice or ignore pedestrians at YIELD controls, especially in right turn bypass lanes. At a traffic control signal, the driver is only required to stop if there is a red indication or, in some states, a yellow indication. The driver can proceed if there is a green indication.

- To address the council concerns and give the practitioner the opportunity to use the School
- 136 Assembly on approaches controlled by YIELD signs the task force recommended changing the
- restriction from a standard to guidance. The practitioner could use the School Crossing assembly
- on approaches controlled by YIELD signs through an engineering study or engineering
- judgment. For approaches to a roundabout or a signalized intersection with a right turn lane
- 140 controlled by YIELD signs an Option statement is recommended allowing a School Crossing
- assembly to be used. The recommendation received unanimous support on 6-20-12 from the
- 142 RWSTC to send out to sponsors for comments.
- In the fall 2012, the recommendation was sent to sponsors for comments. Thirteen comments
- were received for concurrence in part or do not concur. Six of these were consistent with the
- comments received by sponsors in 2011.

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- 147 The frequently cited reasons for non-concurrence was that the School Crossing assembly
- detracted from the conspicuity of the YIELD sign, that the control provided by the YIELD sign
- was a more prominent control that should not be diminished by the lesser control provided by the
- assembly, or that the appropriate location for the assembly is the same as that for the YIELD sign
- and both could not coexist. Therefore, the School Crossing assembly shall not be permitted at
- approached controlled by a YIELD sign. Three additional comments concentrated on permitting
- the School Crossing assembly at intersections regardless the traffic control. All of these
- 154 comments mirror the discussion at the Council's discussion on January 12, 2012 when the
- recommendation was to delete the YIELD sign from the standard. Two additional comments
- with concur in part were editorial.

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- All of the sponsor comments and suggestions were considered by the School Issues Task Force
- as were the previous two unanimous RWSTC favorable votes on the proposal and the 65 sponsor
- ballots in concurrence with the proposal. On December 21, 2012 the task force recommends that the RW No 6 proposal remain unchanged except for an editorial revision to the Option of the use
- of the School Crossing assembly at a channelized right turn lane controlled by YIELD signs.

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#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

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- Revise the standard in Section 7B.12 (03) to allow the use of the School Crossing assembly on
- an approach to a roundabout or a signalized intersection with a channelized right turn lane
- 169 controlled by YIELD signs as an Option. In addition, changing the restriction from a standard to
- guidance allows the practitioner to use the School Crossing assembly on approaches controlled
- by YIELD signs through an engineering study or engineering judgment.

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- 173 Note: Proposed changes to the MUTCD are shown in underline red and removed text are
- 174 shown in strikethrough red.

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176 **Recommended Wording:** 

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178 Section 7B.12 School Crossing Assembly

179

180 **Standard:** 

181	If used, the School Crossing assembly (see Figure 7B-1) shall be installed at the school
182	crossing (see Figures 7B-4 and 7B-5), or as close to it as possible, and shall consist of a School (S1-1)
183	sign supplemented with a diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7P) plaque to show the location
184	of the crossing.

The School Crossing assembly shall not be used at crossings other than those adjacent to schools and those on established school pedestrian routes.

The School Crossing assembly shall not be installed on <u>an</u> approaches controlled by a STOP or <u>YIELD</u> sign.

### Guidance:

<u>The School Crossing assembly should not be installed on an approach controlled by a YIELD</u> <u>sign</u>

### Option:

The School Crossing assembly may be installed on an approach to a roundabout where the crosswalk is at least one car length in advance of the yield point at the entrance to the roundabout.

At a signalized or Stop-controlled intersection the School Crossing assembly may be installed on an approach to a channelized right turn lane controlled by a YIELD sign.

# Option:

205 04 <u>07</u> 206 the In-

the In-Street Schoolchildren Crossing (R1-6b or R1-6c) sign (see Figure 7B-6) may be used at unsignalized school crossings. If used at a school crossing, a 12 x 4-inch SCHOOL (S4-3P) plaque (see Figure 7B-6) may be mounted above the sign. The STATE LAW legend on the R1-6 series signs may be

The In-Street Pedestrian Crossing (R1-6 or R1-6a) sign (see Section 2B.12 and Figure 7B-6) or

209 omitted.

The Overhead Pedestrian Crossing (R1-9 or R1-9a) sign (see Section 2B.12 and Figure 2B-2) may be modified to replace the standard pedestrian symbol with the standard schoolchildren symbol and may be used at unsignalized school crossings. The STATE LAW legend on the R1-9 series signs may be omitted.

A 12-inch reduced size in-street School (S1-1) sign (see Figure 7B-6) may be used at an unsignalized school crossing instead of the In-Street Pedestrian Crossing (R1-6 or R1-6a) or the In-Street Schoolchildren Crossing (R1-6b or R1-6c) sign. A 12 x 6-inch reduced size diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7P) plaque may be mounted below the reduced size in-street School (S1-1) sign.

## **Standard:**

of 10 If an In-Street Pedestrian Crossing sign, an In-Street Schoolchildren Crossing sign, or a reduced size in-street School (S1-1) sign is placed in the roadway, the sign support shall comply with the mounting height and special mounting support requirements for In-Street Pedestrian Crossing (R1-6 or R1-6a) signs (see Section 2B.12).

The In-Street Pedestrian Crossing sign, the In-Street Schoolchildren Crossing sign, the Overhead Pedestrian Crossing sign, and the reduced size in-street School (S1-1) sign shall not be used at signalized locations.

# **RW Signs No.6**

**RWSTC VOTE 6-20-12** For: Unanimous **Opposed: Abstentions: RWSTC Vote 1-9-13** For: 26 Opposed: 0 **Abstentions: 1 COUNCIL VOTE: 1-11-13 For: 32** Opposed: 5 **Abstentions: 1** N:NCUTCD/JUNE 2012/ITEM IV.I Section 7B.12 school crossing assembly approved by RWSTC 6-10-12 READY FOR SPONSORS, REVISED FOLLOWING SPONSOR COMMENTS 12-9-12, approved by RWSTC 1-9-13, APPROVED BY COUNCIL 1-11-13 

# RW Signs No.6

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